

SOUTHEAST PENNSYLVANIA OPPORTUNITY YOUTH STUDY

UNDERSTANDING AND RESPONDING TO THE IMPACTS OF THE PANDEMIC



Agenda

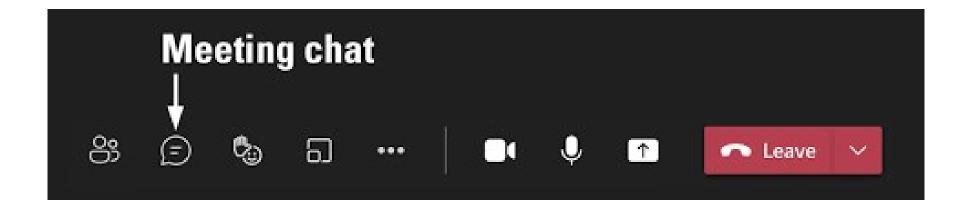
Purpose of the Study and the Process Used

OY Facts and Figures

Survey Data and Findings

Recommendations

Use the Chat Box!





Purpose of the Study

- The study will help guide county-based and regional strategies to reengage youth in educational and occupation programs.
- The data collected and analyzed in this study include the demographics and attributes of disconnected youth, the COVID-19 impact on disconnected youth by county and region, secondary indicator data related to disconnected youth.
- The report identifies regional themes and includes strategies and recommendations to address the most critical needs associated with Southeast Pennsylvania (SEPA) opportunity youth.



Mixed-methods Approach

Qualitative data

Quantitative data

Collaborative inquiry



Opportunity Youth Facts and Figures

38,970,400

UNITED STATES YOUTH POPULATION

[Teens & Young Adults 16-24 Years Old]

11.2%

FYOUTHIN THE UNITED STATES IS ARE DISCONNECTED

(4,353,300 PEOPLE)

16-24 YEARS OLD

NOT WORKING NOT IN SCHOOL

Opportunity Youth Facts and Figures

CHALLENGES FACED

BY DISCONNECTED YOUTH

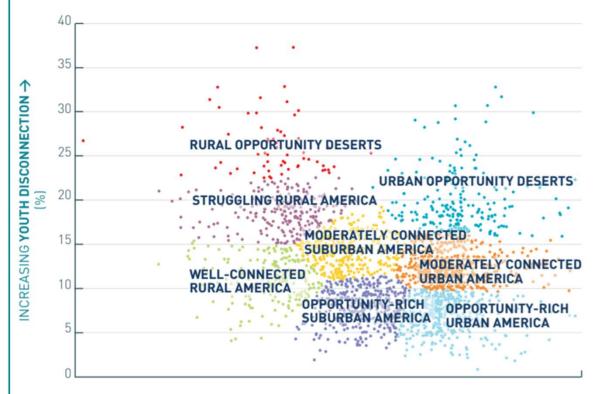


Opportunity Youth Facts and Figures

- 1. Opportunity-Rich Urban America
- 2. Opportunity-Rich Suburban America
- 3. Well-Connected Rural America
- 4. Moderately Connected Urban America
- 5. Moderately Connected Suburban America
- 6. Struggling Rural America
- 7. Urban Opportunity Deserts
- 8. Rural Opportunity Deserts

FIGURE 5 WE CLUSTERED SIMILAR PUMAS INTO COMMUNITY TYPES

This typology offers a new way to think about youth disconnection by place to supplement our analysis by region, state, metro area, county, and congressional district.



INCREASING POPULATION DENSITY ->

Source: Measure of America calculations using US Census Bureau American Community Survey, 2014–2018.

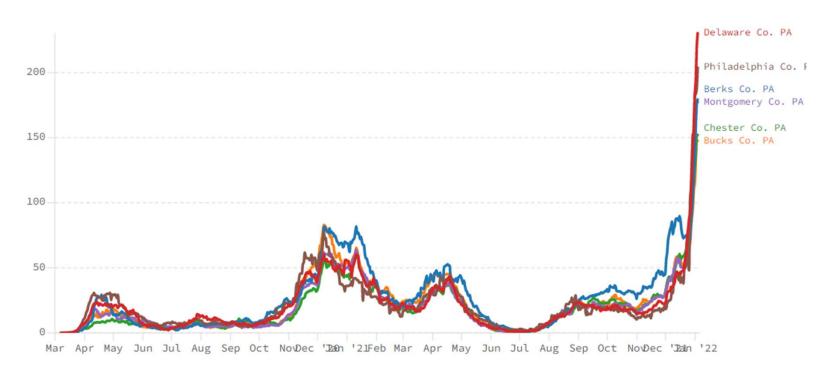
Opportunity Youth Facts and Figures Eight Community Types

County	PUMA	PUMA cont.	Area Type	Community Type	Youth Disconnection
Berks	Northwest	Wyomissing Borough	Suburban	Moderately Connected	15.5%
Berks	East		Suburban	Opportunity Rich	7.7%
Berks	Southwest	Reading City	Urban	Moderately Connected	13.0%
Bucks	Southwest		Urban	Moderately Connected	9.6%
Bucks	Southeast	Levittown	Urban	Opportunity Rich	6.0%
Chester	West Central	Coatesville City	Suburban	Moderately Connected	12.2%
Chester	North	Phoenixville Borough	Suburban	Opportunity Rich	8.6%
Chester	East Central	West Chester Borough	Urban	Opportunity Rich	4.2%
Chester	South		Suburban	Opportunity Rich	9.3%
Delaware	West		Urban	Moderately Connected	14.1%
Delaware	North	Broomall & Ardmore (West)	Urban	Opportunity Rich	3.7%
Delaware	Southeast	Chester City	Urban	Moderately Connected	15.2%
Delaware	East	Yeadon, Darby Lansdowne Boroughs & Drexel Hill	Urban	Moderately Connected	13.2%
Montgomery	Northeast	Lansdale Borough	Urban	Opportunity Rich	5.6%
Montgomery	Southeast	Willow Grove, Horsham &	Urban	Opportunity Rich	5.5%
Montgomery	Central	Norristown Borough	Urban	Moderately Connected	10.7%
Montgomery	Southwest	King of Prussia & Ardmore (East)	Urban	Moderately Connected	10.8%
Montgomery	South Central		Urban	Opportunity Rich	7.4%
Philadelphia	West		Urban	Moderately Connected	14.4%
Philadelphia	Southwest		Urban	Moderately Connected	14.6%
Philadelphia	Southeast		Urban	Moderately Connected	13.1%
Philadelphia	Center City		Urban	Opportunity Rich	7.3%
Philadelphia	Central		Urban	Opportunity Desert	18.5%
Philadelphia	Northwest		Urban	Moderately Connected	10.0%
Philadelphia	North		Urban	Opportunity Desert	18.7%
Philadelphia	Near Northeast-West		Urban	Opportunity Desert	16.5%
Philadelphia	Far Northeast		Urban	Opportunity Desert	16.5%
Philadelphia	Near Northeast-East		Urban	Opportunity Desert	20.5%
Philadelphia	East		Urban	Opportunity Desert	30.7%

COVID-19 IMPACTS ON SEPA

Trends

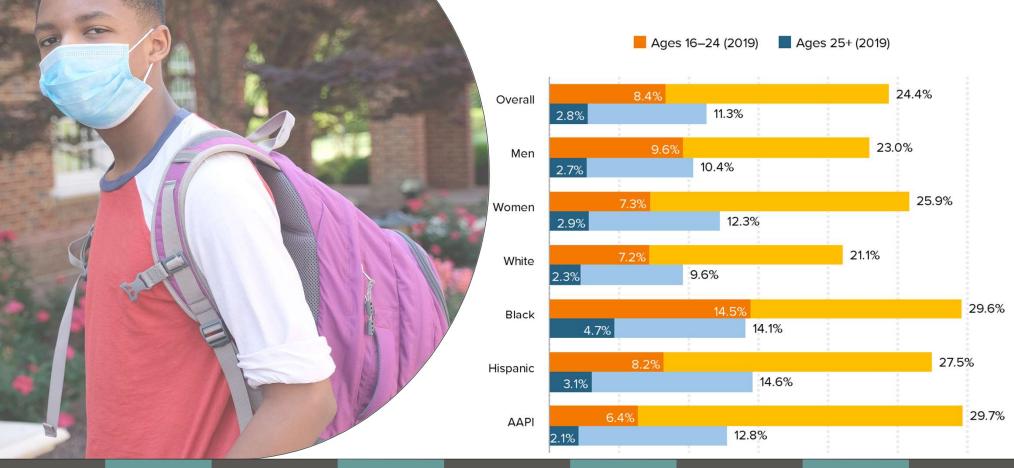




COVID-19 IMPACTS ON YOUNG ADULTS NATIONALLY

Unemployment skyrocketed for young workers in the COVID-19 labor market

Unemployment rates in the spring of 2019 and 2020, by age, gender, and race/ethnicity



COVID-19 IMPACTS ON OPPORTUNITY YOUTH IN SOUTHEAST PENNSYLVANIA

Survey Responses

- 6,037 total responses were collected.
- 1,052 responses accepted for analysis.
- Eligible participants were compensated with a digital gift card.



Unemployment During COVID-19 Pandemic

- Nearly half (49%, 494) reported they stopped working directly from the effects of the pandemic.
- A total of 36% (365) reported they were not comfortable seeking a job or working because of the pandemic.
- A third (33%, 338) reported they found it hard to find a job because they were feeling more depressed and/or anxious because of the pandemic.

"It [COVID-19] affects my life, affects my work, makes me lose my job, and has a great impact on me."

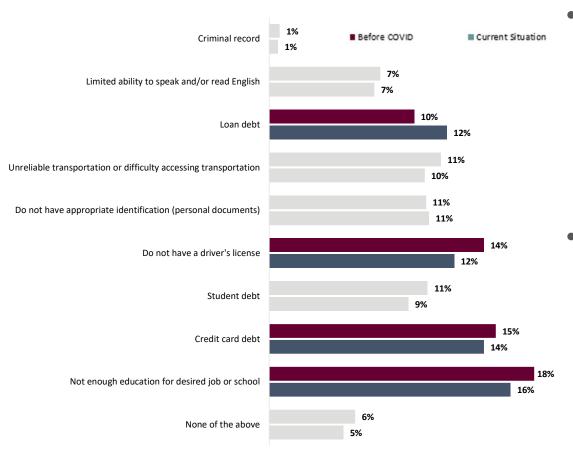
- Survey Respondent

"Living conditions are not good, I can't go out, and I am very depressed."

Survey Respondent

Opportunity Youth Barriers Before and After COVID-19

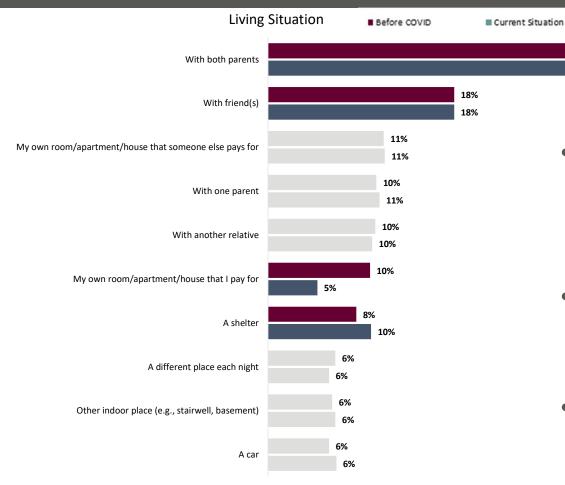
OY Barriers



- OY experience(d) credit card debt and not having enough education for their desired job or school both before the pandemic and currently.
- Loan debt was the only barrier to increase in their current situation compared with before the pandemic.

Opportunity Youth Living Situations Before and After COVID-19

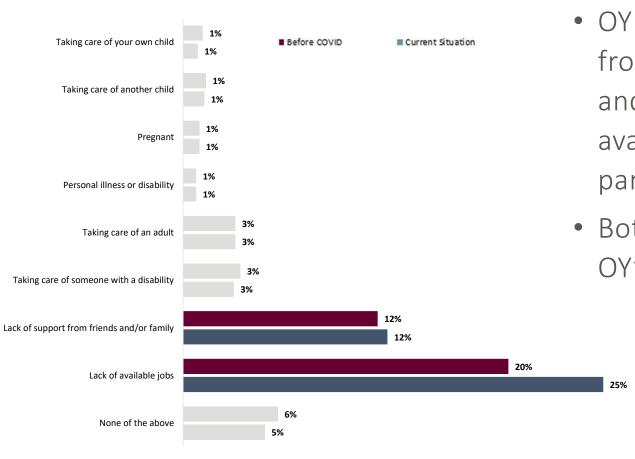
28%



- Pre-COVID-19, OY most often reported living with both parents. For the present, this number slightly increased.
- OY owning their own room, apt, or house that they pay for decreased since the pandemic.
- OY living in shelters increased since the pandemic.

Opportunity Situations Before and After COVID-19

OY Situations



- OY reported lacking support from their friends and family and experienced a lack available jobs before the pandemic.
- Both of these remained true in OY's current situation.

Accelerators for OY



Relationship Building and Trust

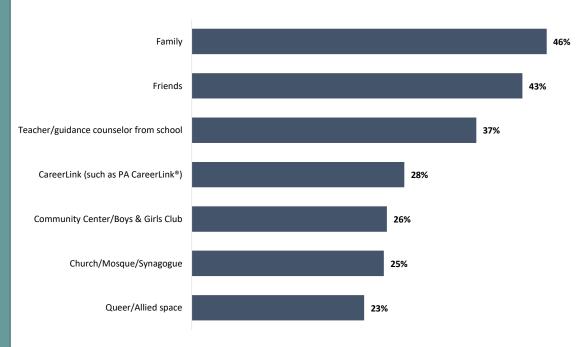


Paid Opportunities



Online Engagement

Who can help you if you want to go back to school or get a job?



"I have to, we all have to, be willing to go out and engage with the community. Sometimes you have buy-in [from OY] and sometimes you don't because they don't know you. They need to know you; they need to trust you. They need to see you in their communities so they know they can trust you..."

- CBO representative



Challenges for OY



Connecting Services/ Coordinating Efforts



Mental Health



Transportation



Accessing Services



Online Engagement

"There are not enough mental health services to support kids or their families during this pandemic. It was bad enough prior to COVID-19 and the need has just grown exponentially".

– CBO Representative

"I had one youth participant who desperately needed counseling services. There are only two options available in this county, and both options have a three-month waiting list. He had to just sit there while his mental health was getting worse and worse."

- CBO Representative

Opportunities



Collaboration Across Organizations



Involving Opportunity Youth



"I'm younger, so I know a lot of other younger people in our community. So, if I reach out to them and say, 'Come in and just talk to the people here and see what they can do for you', it means a lot, you know? Because they trust me; if I say it's good, they believe me."

- OY Representative



Increase Awareness of Opportunity Youth Services in Southeast Pennsylvania

Implement a Hub-and-Spoke Model for Opportunity Youth Services

Create a Peer Specialist/Youth Ambassador Certification Program for Opportunity Youth

Ensure Robust Support for and Awareness of Mental Health Services

Develop Paid Work Experience -> Full Time Employment Pathways

Facilitate Regular Meetings of Youth Program Leads



